

 Safety Data Sheet

 According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

 Revision Date: 04/01/2016
 Date of Issue: 04/01/2016

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Komacel

1.2. Intended Use of the Product No additional information available

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

Kommerling USA, Inc. 3402 Stanwood Blvd. Huntsville, AL 35811 (256) 851-4099

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number

: (256) 851-4099

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labelling

No labeling applicable

2.3. Other Hazards

This product is formed to sheets, fully polymerized and contains no leftover monomers. The materials listed in section 3 are bound within the crystalline structure of the PVC sheet and are not available for exposure under normal conditions of use or foreseeable emergency. If heated to extreme temperatures or in case of fire, product may release harmful vapors or fumes. Cutting, sawing, grinding, or other operations that generate dust may raise nuisance particles that can cause mechanical irritation to the skin, eyes, or respiratory tract and may be harmful. Take necessary measures to limit dust production, and follow applicable regulations.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Polyvinyl chloride	(CAS No) 9002-86-2	72.75	Comb. Dust
Limestone	(CAS No) 1317-65-3	9.33	Not classified
Titanium dioxide*	(CAS No) 13463-67-7	2.9	Carc. 2, H351

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*The health hazards denoted in the individual components are not applicable to overall classification since the product is fully polymerized, contains no monomers, and all materials are bound within the PVC matrix.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures Inhalation: Using proper respiratory protection, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Encourage exposed person to cough, spit out, and blow nose to remove dust. Immediately call a poison center, physician, or emergency medical service.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 5 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 5 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

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4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. Final product may have sharp edges.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation. For particulates and dust: May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water spray, fog (flooding amounts). Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but will burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: The following applies to the product if it is cut, sanded or altered in such a way that excessive and/or

significant particulates and/or dusts may be generated: Dust explosion hazard in air.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid generating dust. Avoid breathing dust. For particulates and dust: Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Remove ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. In solid form: Take up mechanically (sweeping, shoveling) and collect in suitable container for disposal. For particulates and dust: Vacuum clean-up is preferred. If sweeping is required use a dust suppressant. Use explosion proof vacuum during cleanup, with appropriate filter. Do not mix with other materials. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Accumulation and dispersion of dust with an ignition source can cause a combustible dust explosion. Keep dust levels to a minimum and follow applicable regulations.

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Other information: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. – No smoking.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Use explosion-proof electrical,

ventilating, lighting equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Halogens. Fluorine.

7.3. Specific End Use(s) No additional information available

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Limestone (1317-65-3)			
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)	
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)	
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)	
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	5000 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)	

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Personal Protective Equipment

Materials for Protective Clothing Hand Protection Eye Protection Skin and Body Protection

- : The following applies to the product if it is cut, sanded or altered in such a way that excessive and/or significant particulates and/or dusts may be generated: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits. Power equipment should be equipped with proper dust collection devices. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment. . Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.
- : Not generally required. The use of personal protective equipment may be necessary as conditions warrant. Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



- : Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.
- : Wear protective gloves. Wear cut protection when working with sharp edges.
- : Chemical safety goggles.
- : Wear suitable protective clothing.

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Respiratory Protection :	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient		
	atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.		
Other Information :	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.		
SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL	PROPERTIES		
9.1. Information on Basic Physical a	nd Chemical Properties		
Physical State	: Solid		
Appearance	: No data available		
Odor	: No data available		
Odor Threshold	: No data available		
рН	: No data available		
Evaporation Rate	: No data available		
Melting Point	: No data available		
Freezing Point	: No data available		
Boiling Point	: No data available		
Flash Point	: No data available		
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available		
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available		
Vapor Pressure	: No data available		
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available		
Relative Density	: No data available		
Solubility	: No data available		
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available		
Viscosity	: No data available		
Explosive Properties	: Dust generated from processing may present a dust explosion haza		

Other Information No additional information available 9.2.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition. Dust accumulation (to minimize explosion hazard).

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Halogens. Fluorine. 10.5.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Black smoke. Irritating fumes. Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Ethylene. Benzene. Toluene. Hydrogen chloride. Phosgene.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects 11.1.

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

LD50 Oral Rat

> 10000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified. Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2) IARC group 3 Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7) 2B **IARC** group **OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List** In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

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Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified			
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified			
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified			
Aspiration Hazard: Not classified			
Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation. For particulates and dust: May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals.			
Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Prolonged exposu	ire may cause skin irritation.		
Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight in	•		
Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause			
Chronic Symptoms: None known.			
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
12.1. Toxicity			
Ecology - General : Not classifie	ed.		
12.2. Persistence and Degradability			
Komacel			
Persistence and Degradability Not estab	lished.		
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential			
Komacel			
Bioaccumulative Potential Not estab			
12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information avai	lable		
12.5. Other Adverse Effects			
Other Information : Avoid	release to the environment.		
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS			
13.1. Waste Treatment Methods			
	/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international		
regulations.			
Additional Information: Recycle the material as far as po			
Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environm	nent.		
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION			
14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for the second secon	•		
14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for t	-		
14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for t	transport		
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION			
15.1 US Federal Regulations			
Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory		
Phosphorous acid, triisodecyl ester (25448-25-3)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory		
Limestone (1317-65-3)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory		
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro	ol Act) inventory		
15.2 US State Regulations			
Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.		
Polyvinyl chloride (9002-86-2)			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance Li	st		
Limestone (1317-65-3)			
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List			
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List			
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List			

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Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)

U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

- Revision Date Other Information
- : 04/01/2016

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Comb. Dust	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H351	Suspected of causing cancer

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)